

**Amounts of PRTR Substances Handled, Released,  
and Transferred in Fiscal 2008 (Japan Production Sites)**

(Unit: tons)

Class 1 designated chemical substance <sup>*1</sup>	Substance No.	Sites using 1 or more tons of the substance	Amount handled	Amount released		Amount removed	Amount transferred, amount of waste	Amount consumed	Amount recycled
				Atmosphere	Public waters				
Hydrogen fluoride and its water-soluble salts <sup>*2</sup>	283	1	115.16	0.04	2.54	—	108.15	—	4.43
2-Amino ethanol	16	2	33.21	0.06	—	11.40	4.56	—	17.19
Xylene	63	1	18.44	8.17	—	—	10.27	—	—
Ethylene glycol	43	2	5.89	—	—	—	5.89	—	—
Ethylbenzene	40	1	2.94	1.29	—	—	1.65	—	—
Benzene	299	0	0.97	—	—	0.97	—	—	—
Lead and its compounds	230	0	0.39	—	—	—	—	0.26	0.13
Nickel compounds	232	0	0.36	—	—	—	0.36	—	—
Toluene	227	0	0.06	0.06	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Total</b>			177.42	9.62	2.54	12.37	130.87	0.26	21.75

\*1. Casio has not handled the following substances, which were reported in the previous fiscal year, due to the following reasons.

(1) 2-Ethoxyethyl acetate: switch completed to substitutes in the previous fiscal year.

(2) Water-soluble copper salt, theouria, organotin compounds: The plant handling these substances was transferred to third party.

\*2. For hydrogen fluoride and its water-soluble salts, the amount handled increased by 42% compared to fiscal 2008 due to the continuing size reduction of electronic components, but the amounts removed were held to an 11% increase.

● Some of the calculated results in the table may not match due to the rounding of fractions.