Scope3

Building a low-carbon society is one of the medium- to long-term goals of the Casio Environmental Vision 2050 and the Casio Environmental Declaration 2020. This will require not only efforts from within the Casio Group, but also a commitment to reducing CO2 emissions both upstream and downstream in the supply chain. For this reason, Casio has calculated emissions for each category in an effort to help everyone involved "visualize CO2."

CO2 emissions for the entire Casio Group supply chain in fiscal 2014 were 550,747 t-CO2.

- Scope 1 direct emissions (e.g., fossil fuels, natural gas) were calculated at 5,210 t-CO2.
- Scope 2 indirect emissions (e.g., electricity) were calculated at 33,169 t-CO2.
- Scope 3 other emissions (e.g., use of sold products and end-of-life treatment of sold products, transportation and distribution, employee commuting, lease assets, and investments) were calculated for 12 of 15 categories (with the three lowest-impact categories excluded). When CO2 emissions were calculated pursuant to the GHG Protocol that serves as the international standard, emissions for fiscal 2014 stood at 512,368 t-CO2.

As a result, Scope 3 accounted for more than 90% of entire supply chain emissions.

Within Scope 3, purchased goods and services accounted for the greatest share, about 56%.

On the other hand, low emissions for use of sold products are attributed largely to the energy-efficient designs for which Casio products are known.

In the future, the following issues will be addressed:

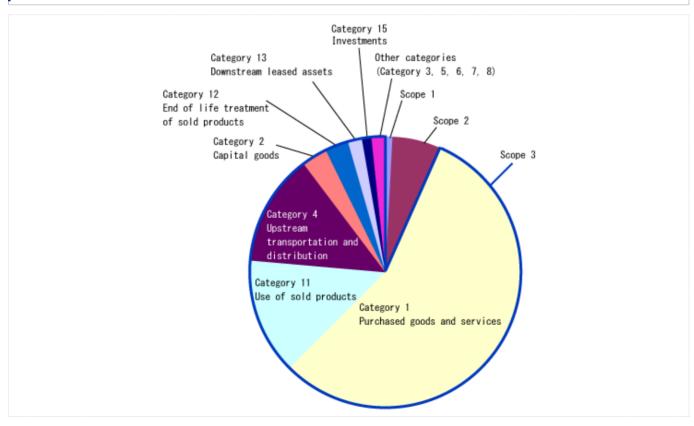
- Improve calculation accuracy in each category
- Propose and implement emission reduction measures for each category within Scope 3
- Develop measures for reducing emissions both upstream and downstream in the supply chain

For information on results calculated for fiscal 2013,

see the website of the Ministry of the Environment of Japan (in Japanese).

GHG Protocol: International standards for calculating and reporting greenhouse gas emissions

CO2 emissions for the entire Casio Group supply chain



Efforts to Ascertain Scope 3

Category		CO2 emissions in fisacal 2014	
		tCO2	rasio
Scope 1		5,210	0.9%
Scope 2		33,169	6.0%
Scope 3		Scope 3 accounted 93.1% of entire emissions.	
		Scope 3 = 512,368	
1	Purchased goods and services	306,756	55.7%
2	Capital goods	17,224	3.1%
3	Fuel-and-energy-related activities	2,452	0.4%
4	Upstream transportation and distribution	74,132	13.5%
5	Waste generated in operations	580	0.1%
6	Business travel	1,198	0.2%
7	Employee commuting	1,253	0.2%
8	Upstream leased assets	2,085	0.4%
9	Downstream transportation and distribution	_	_
10	Processing of sold products	_	_
11	Use of sold products	76,091	13.9%
12	End of life treatment of sold products	15,589	2.8%
13	Downstream leased assets	8,035	1.5%
14	Franchises	_	_
15	Investments	6,973	1.3%
	Total	550,747	100%

Many people have never heard of "Scope 3" emissions. The term refers to 15 categories of CO2 emissions that exist in the immediate environment, such as the commuting and travel activities of employees, as well as emissions that occur during product use and disposal. Casio began officially releasing its Scope 3 data in fiscal 2013. Casio plans to examine the trends by category and then to develop future action plans based on that data



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Category 4: The breakdown for transportation and shipping (upstream) is shown below. (Unit: t-CO2)

Japan: Truck: 873, Railway: 86

Overseas: Railway: 1,123 Airplane: 54,772 Ship: 17,278

Scope 3 calculation methods

Category 1	Purchased goods and services	Amount of activity: Amount of purchased consumables, raw materials, and packaging materials and salary of temporary staff Unit: Calculated by multiplying each item by the emissions unit of the purchased amount and adding together the total. (Emissions output unit DB ver2.0 and CFP COMMUNICATION PROGRAM DB ver1.01)
Category 2	Capital goods	Amount of activity: Amount of capital investment by all consolidated subsidiaries Unit: Calculated by multiplying the emissions unit corresponding to the amount of capital investment. (Emissions unit DB ver2.0)

Category 3	Fuel-and-energy-related activities (not included in Scope 1 or 2)	Amount of activity: Amount of purchased electricity and fuels Unit: Calculated by multiplying the emissions unit of each type and adding together the total. (CFP COMMUNICATION PROGRAM DB ver1.01)
Category 4	Upstream transportation and distribution	Amount of activity: Amount of domestic and overseas shipment Unit: Calculated by multiplying the weight and transportation distance by the emissions unit of each transportation type and adding together the total. (Trucks: Specific fuel consumption using the improved ton/kilo method. Trains, ships and airplanes: CO2 emissions output level using the conventional ton/kilo method)
Category 5	Waste generated in operations	Amount of activity: Emissions of each type of waste Unit: Calculated by multiplying the emissions unit of each type and adding together the total (Emissions unit DB ver2.0).
Category 6	Business travel	Amount of activity: Number of domestic and overseas employees Unit: Emissions unit per employee (Emissions unit DB ver2.0)
Category 7	Employee commuting	Amount of activity: Transportation expenses paid to employees Unit: Calculated by estimating the train/car ratio from employee commuting style, multiplied by the emissions unit of the amount of transportation expenses for each style and adding together the total (Emissions unit DB ver2.0).
Category 8	Upstream leased assets	Amount of activity: Domestic G-SHOCK stores, sales area for digital paintings and other and number of business days Unit: Calculated by determining the total sales area, and multiplying the emissions unit of the sales area. The number of business days is calculated on a pro-rate basis (Emissions unit DB ver2.0).
Category 9	Downstream transportation and distribution	This value was not calculated since Casio does not have any logistics business.
Category 10	Processing of sold products	Although one of our group companies provides name printing and other services, emissions of CO2 and other substances from this business activity is included in Scopes 1 and 2.
Category 11	Use of sold products	Amount of activity: Number of products by category Unit: Use of products is calculated by multiplying the emissions unit of each product for the supported period (five years). Regarding the use period, any industrial standards are followed. In cases such industrial standard does not exist, the use period is defined by CASIO. Regarding electricity, the fiscal 2012 end-user CO2 emissions unit of the Federation of Electric Power Companies of Japan is used. Regarding products that require battery replacement, CO2 emissions to manufacture the battery are also included in the calculation.
Category 12	End of life treatment of sold products	Amount of activity: Emissions from the product itself and container packaging materials Unit: Calculated by multiplying the emissions unit of each type and adding together the total (Emissions unit DB ver2.0)
Category 13	Downstream leased assets	Amount of activity: Emissions from assets (buildings) leased to other business entities Unit: Emissions from renters
Category 14	Franchises	The franchise formula is not used.
Category 15	Investments	Amount of activity: Emissions from equity method affiliates and companies which hold specific annual stocks and constructive stocks Unit: Calculated by multiplying the emissions from investment destinations by the equity method ratio or the share holding ratio.